



# iPhone Application Programming

## Lecture 13: Audio

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<http://hci.rwth-aachen.de/iphone>

# Review

- List all touch phases of an UITouch object and explain briefly what they mean.
- What are possible event types of UIEvent objects?
- Illustrate, how you can implement your own gesture recognizer.

# Overview

- Audio
  - Audio basics
  - iPod library access
  - AVFoundation
  - OpenAL
- Video



# Audio Basics

# Audio Codecs

- Hardware codecs
  - Excellent performance (no CPU load)
  - No simultaneous playback
- Software Codecs
  - Decoding (playback) & encoding (recording)
  - Simultaneous playback

# Audio Codecs

Audio decoder/playback format	HW-assisted decoding	SW-based decoding
AAC (MPEG-4 Advanced Audio Coding)	Yes	Yes
ALAC (Apple Lossless)	Yes	Yes
HE-AAC (MPEG-4 High Efficiency AAC)	Yes	
iLBC (internet Low Bitrate Codec, a format for speech)		Yes
IMA4 (IMA/ADPCM)		Yes
Linear PCM (uncompressed, linear pulse-code modulation)		Yes
MP3 (MPEG-I audio layer 3)	Yes	Yes
$\mu$ -law and a-law		Yes

# Audio Sessions

- Define the audio behavior of your app
- Express your app's audio intention
  - Should the audio be muted with the Ring/Silent switch?
  - Should the iPod playback continue when you app starts?
- Help to manage interruptions
- Route change notifications


# Two APIs

- AVAudioSession (Obj-C)
  - Get system information on
    - Output route
    - Hardware capabilities
  - Easy interruption handling
- Audio session services (C)
  - Modify audio session behavior
  - Use callbacks for interruption handling



# One API



- AVAudioSession (Obj-C)
  - Get system information on
    - Output route
    - Hardware capabilities
  - Easy interruption handling
  - Modify audio session behavior
- Audio session services (C)
  - Deprecated in 

# Default Audio Session

- Playback is enabled and recording is disabled.
- The silence switch mutes your audio
- Your audio is silenced when the screen is locked
- Already playing audio (e.g., iPod) is silenced
- `AVAudioSessionCategorySoloAmbient`

# Audio Session Categories

Category	Silenced by the Ring/Silent switch and by screen locking	Allows audio from other applications	Allows audio input (recording) and output (playback)
<code>AVAudioSessionCategoryAmbient</code>	Yes	Yes	Output Only
<code>AVAudioSessionCategorySoloAmbient</code>	Yes	No	Output Only
<code>AVAudioSessionCategoryPlayback</code>	No	No (default) but override switch	Output Only
<code>AVAudioSessionCategoryRecord</code>	No	No	Input Only
<code>AVAudioSessionCategoryPlayAndRecord</code>	No	No (default) but override switch	Input and output
<code>AVAudioSessionCategoryAudioProcessing</code>	—	No	No input or output

# Audio Sessions

```
NSError *setCategoryErr = nil;
NSError *activationErr = nil;

// Set the category
[[AVAudioSession sharedInstance]
    setCategory:AVAudioSessionCategoryPlayback
    error:&setCategoryErr];

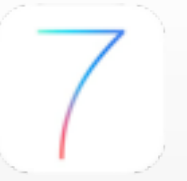
// and activate it
[[AVAudioSession sharedInstance]
    setActive:YES
    error:&activationErr];

// ... deactivate it later on
[[AVAudioSession sharedInstance]
    setActive:NO
    error:&activationErr];
```

# Handling Audio Interruptions

- Interruption starts
  - Check whether resumption of audio process is supported
  - Save state and context
  - Update user interface
- Interruption ends
  - Restore state and context
  - Reactivate audio session
  - Update user interface

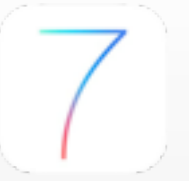
# Handling Interruptions



```
// Register for the interruption notifications

[[NSNotificationCenter defaultCenter]
    addObserver: self
    selector: @selector(handleInterruption:)
    name: AVAudioSessionInterruptionNotification
    object: [AVAudioSession sharedInstance]];
```

# Handling Interruptions



```
- (void)handleInterruption:(NSNotification*)intNotification
{
    AVAudioSessionInterruptionType intType =
[intNotification.userInfo[AVAudioSessionInterruptionTypeKey] intValue];

    if (intType == AVAudioSessionInterruptionTypeBegan)
    {
        // Save state to resume later
        NSLog(@"Interruption began");
    }
    else if (intType == AVAudioSessionInterruptionTypeEnded)
    {
        // Interruption ended
        NSLog(@"Interruption ended");

        // Should we resume?
        AVAudioSessionInterruptionOptions options =
[intNotification.userInfo[AVAudioSessionInterruptionOptionKey] intValue];
        if (options == AVAudioSessionInterruptionOptionShouldResume)
        {
            NSLog(@"Please resume");
        }
    }
}
```

# Reacting to Route Changes

- A route consists of ports
- Input ports (for example):
  - Wired microphone
- Output ports (for example):
  - Built-in speaker
  - Bluetooth A2DP output
- If the user plugs/unplugs a wired headset, the route changes and the app should react accordingly.



# Route Change Reasons

- `AVAudioSessionRouteChangeReasonUnknown`
- `AVAudioSessionRouteChangeReasonNewDeviceAvailable`
- `AVAudioSessionRouteChangeReasonOldDeviceUnavailable`
- `AVAudioSessionRouteChangeReasonCategoryChange`
- `AVAudioSessionRouteChangeReasonOverride`
- `AVAudioSessionRouteChangeReasonWakeFromSleep`
- `AVAudioSessionRouteChangeReasonNoSuitableRouteForCategory`
- `AVAudioSessionRouteChangeReasonRouteConfigurationChange`

# Reacting to Route Changes



```
// Register for the interruption notifications

[[NSNotificationCenter defaultCenter]
    addObserver: self
    selector: @selector(handleRouteChange:)
    name: AVAudioSessionRouteChangeNotification
    object: [AVAudioSession sharedInstance]];
```

# Reacting to Route Changes

```
- (void)handleRouteChange:(NSNotification*) routeNotification
{
    AVAudioSessionRouteChangeReason reason =
[routeNotification.userInfo[AVAudioSessionRouteChangeReasonKey] intValue];
if (reason == AVAudioSessionRouteChangeReasonNewDeviceAvailable)
{
    AVAudioSessionRouteDescription *oldRoute =
routeNotification.userInfo[AVAudioSessionRouteChangePreviousRouteKey];
    AVAudioSessionRouteDescription *currentRoute = [[AVAudioSession
sharedInstance] currentRoute];
    NSLog(@"Something turned up");
    NSLog(@"Old outputs: %@\nNew outputs : %@", oldRoute.outputs,
currentRoute.outputs);
}
else if (reason == AVAudioSessionRouteChangeReasonOldDeviceUnavailable)
{
    NSLog(@"Something disappeared");
}
}
```

# Reacting to Route Changes

Old outputs: (

```
"<AVAudioSessionPortDescription: 0x17800edb0, type = Speaker;  
name = Speaker; UID = Speaker; selectedDataSource = (null)>"  
)
```

New outputs :

```
"<AVAudioSessionPortDescription: 0x17800ee50, type = Headphones;  
name = Headphones; UID = Wired Headphones; selectedDataSource =  
(null)>"
```

# Audio Routes

- Route can be overridden
  - Output should remain on speaker
  - Input should be the device microphone (not the headset)
  - Input should be one specific microphone (on multi-microphone devices)

# System Sounds

- **File requirements**
  - No longer than 30s
  - Linear PCM or IMA4
  - .caf, .aif, or .wav file
- **Capabilities**
  - Current volume, no programmatic control
  - Playback starts immediately
  - Only one sound at a time



# System Sound

```
#import <AudioToolbox/AudioToolbox.h>

CFURLRef      _soundFileURLRef;
SystemSoundID _soundFileRef;

// Get the main bundle for the app
CFBundleRef mainBundle;
mainBundle = CFBundleGetMainBundle ();

// Get the URL to the sound file to play
soundFileURLRef = CFBundleCopyResourceURL (
    mainBundle,
    CFSTR ("tap"),
    CFSTR ("aif"),
    NULL
);

// Create a system sound object representing the sound file
AudioServicesCreateSystemSoundID (
    _soundFileURLRef,
    &_soundFileRef
);
```

# System Sounds

```
// Just play a sound
- (IBAction)playSystemSound {
    AudioServicesPlaySystemSound(self.soundFileRef);
}

// Play a sound and/or vibrate
- (IBAction)playAlertSound {
    AudioServicesPlayAlertSound(self.soundFileRef);
}

// Just vibrate
- (IBAction)vibrate {
    AudioServicesPlaySystemSound(kSystemSoundID_Vibrate);
}
```



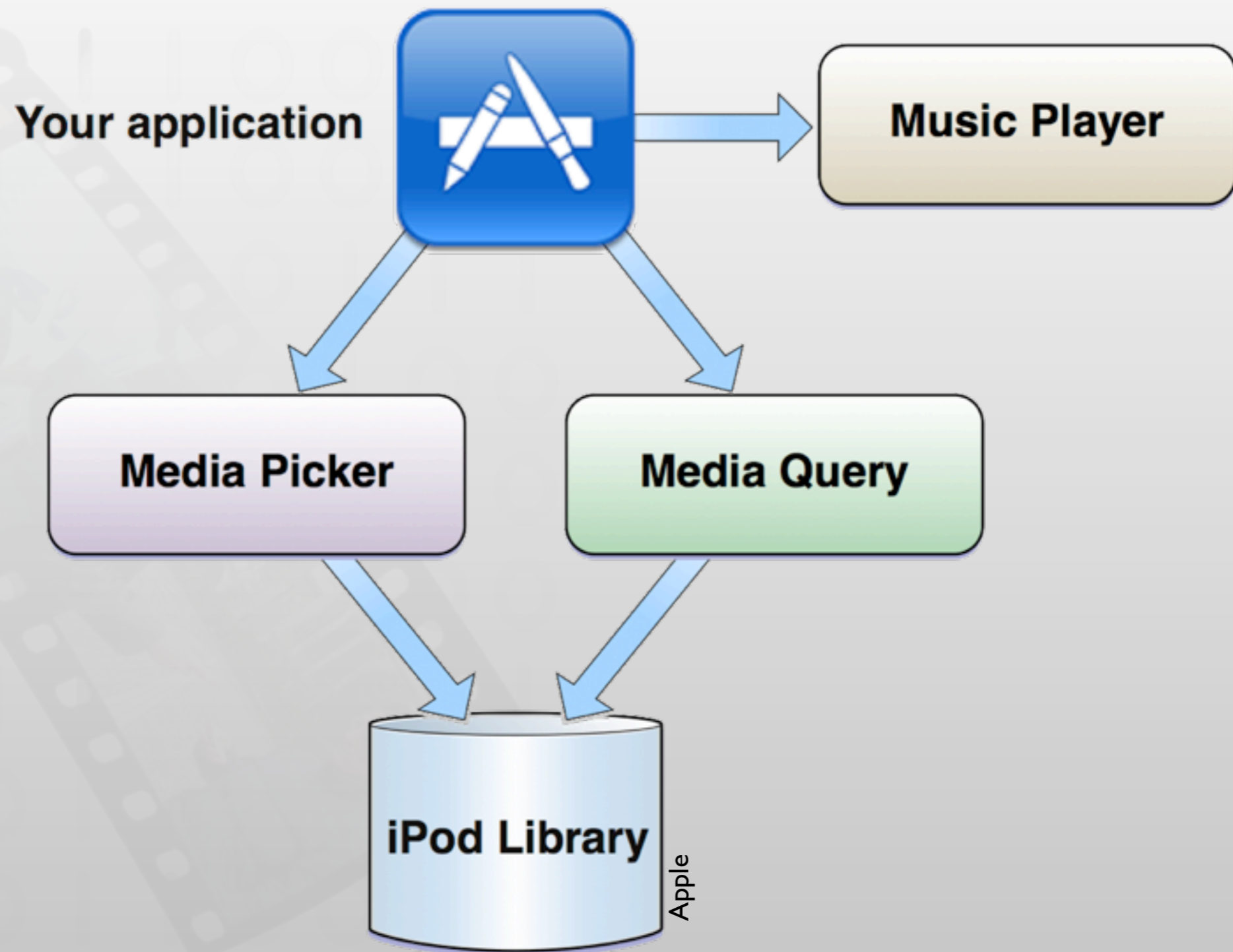
# Playback Completion Callback

```
#import <AudioToolbox/AudioServices.h>
// Just play a sound
- (IBAction)playSystemSound:(id)sender{
    AudioServicesAddSystemSoundCompletion(soundFileRef,
                                          NULL,
                                          NULL,
                                          completionCallback,
                                          (__bridge void*) self);
    AudioServicesPlaySystemSound(self.soundFileRef);
}

// Plain C callback function that just logs to the console
static void completionCallback(SystemSoundID ssID, void *mySelf)
{
    NSLog(@"Completion Callback");
    AudioServicesRemoveSystemSoundCompletion(ssID);
}
```

# iPod Library Access

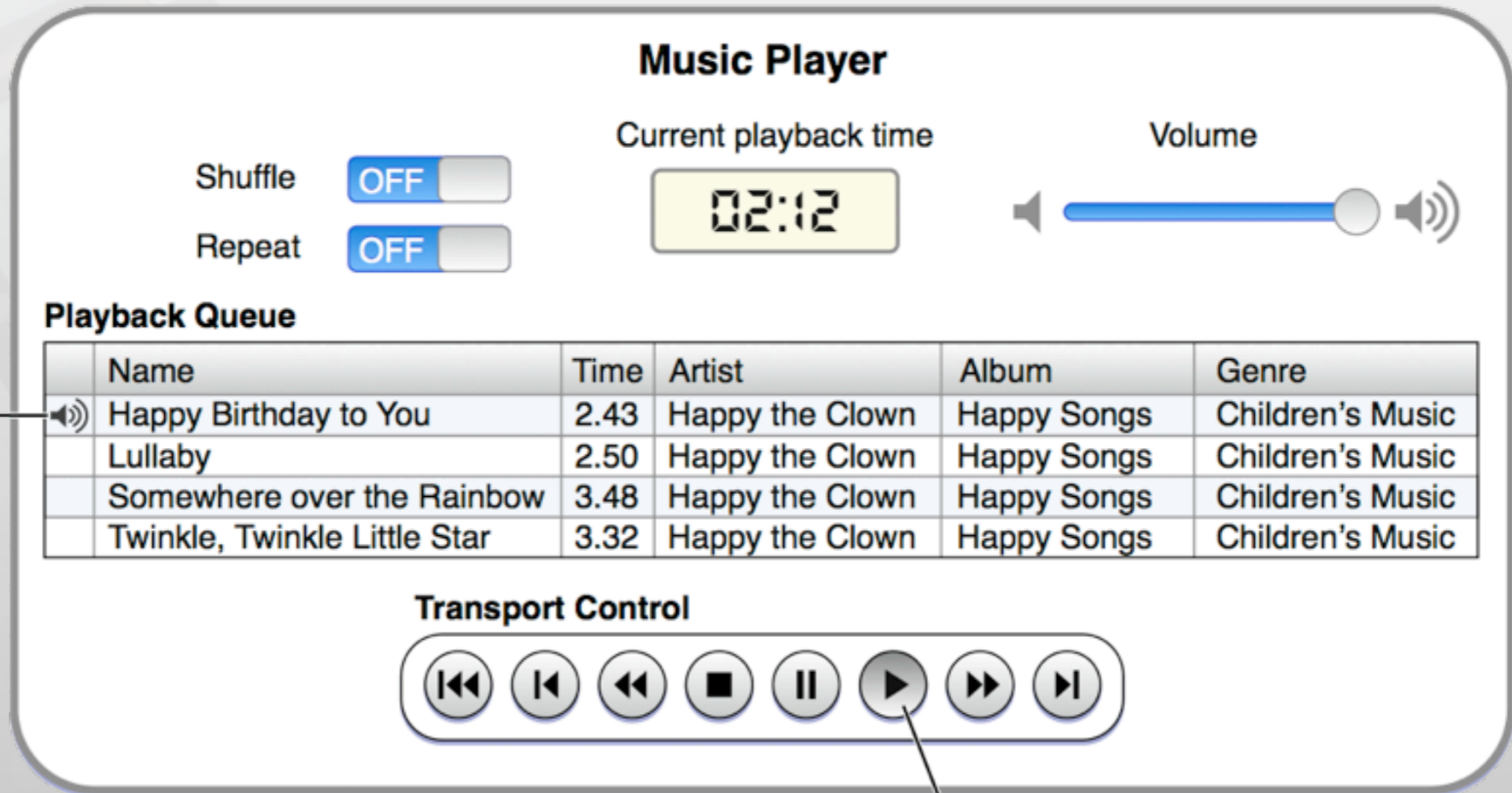
# iPod Library Access



# Music Player Terminology

- Music player is an object that plays media items
- A playback queue is a list of media items to play
- A media item is a song, audio podcast or an audio book
- The set of media items is called the iPod library

# Music Players



Apple

# Music Player Basic Example

```
#import <MediaPlayer/MediaPlayer.h>

MPMusicPlayerController *myPlayer;

// You have two options concerning you player
// Just play music in your app
myPlayer = [MPMusicPlayerController applicationMusicPlayer];

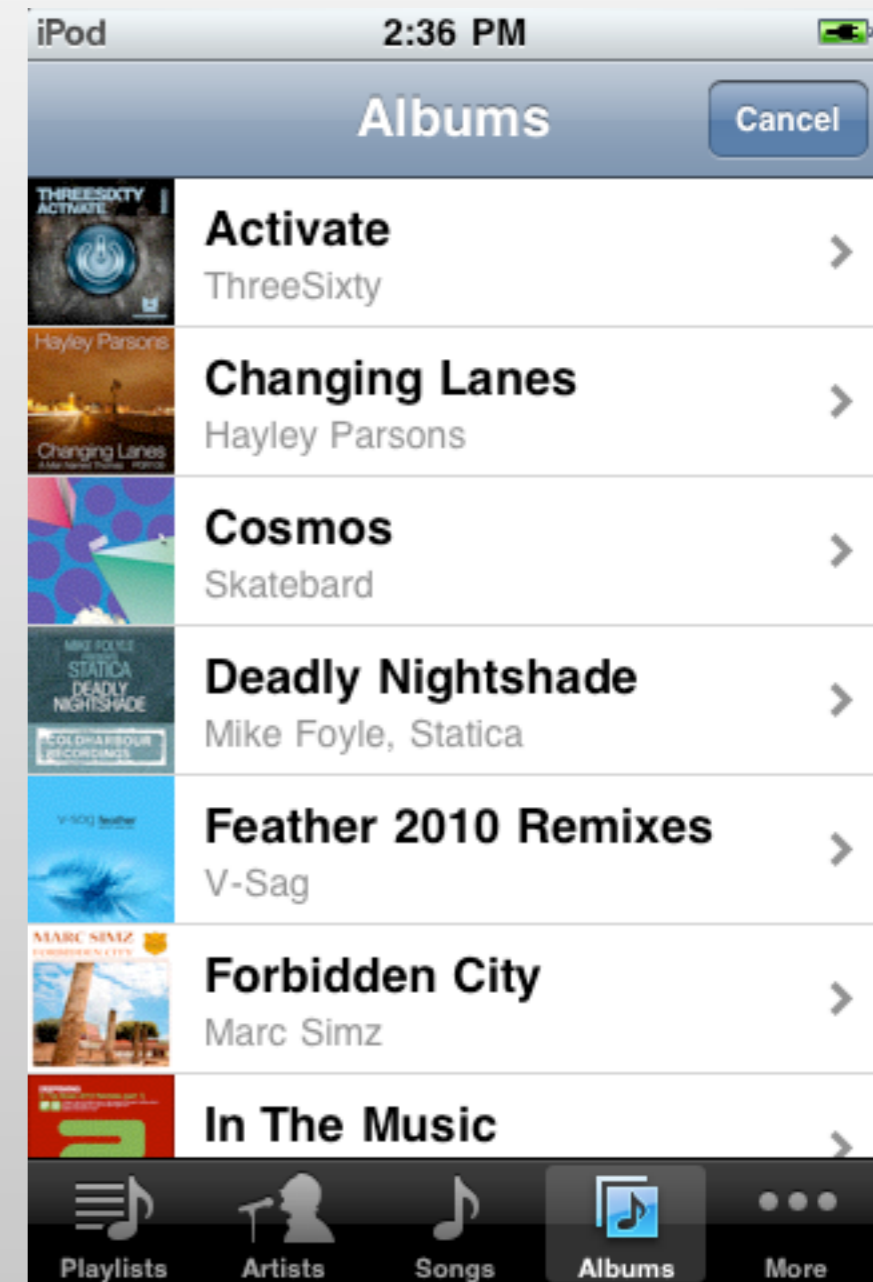
// Keep playing if your app terminates
myPlayer = [MPMusicPlayerController iPodMusicPlayer];

//Fill the playback queue
[myPlayer setQueueWithQuery: [MPMediaQuery songsQuery]];

//Start playing
[myPlayer play];
```

# Media Items Picker

- Modal view controller
- Same interface as the iPod app
- No creation of playlists
- You have to store created collections yourself



```

    #pragma mark IBActions
- (IBAction)selectTrack:(id)sender {
    MPMediaPickerController *picker = [[MPMediaPickerController alloc] initWithMediaTypes:
                                        (MPMediaTypeMusic | MPMediaTypePodcast)];
    picker.allowsPickingMultipleItems = YES;
    picker.delegate = self;
    [self presentViewController:picker animated:YES completion:nil];
}

#pragma mark MediaItemPicker delegate methods
- (void)mediaPicker:(MPMediaPickerController *)mediaPicker
  didPickMediaItems:(MPMediaItemCollection *)mediaItemCollection {
    // Remove the picker
    [self dismissViewControllerAnimated:YES completion:nil];

    // Keep playing if your app terminates
    MPMusicPlayerController *myPlayer = [MPMusicPlayerController iPodMusicPlayer];

    //Fill the playback queue
    [myPlayer setQueueWithItemCollection:mediaItemCollection];

    //Start playing
    [myPlayer play];
}

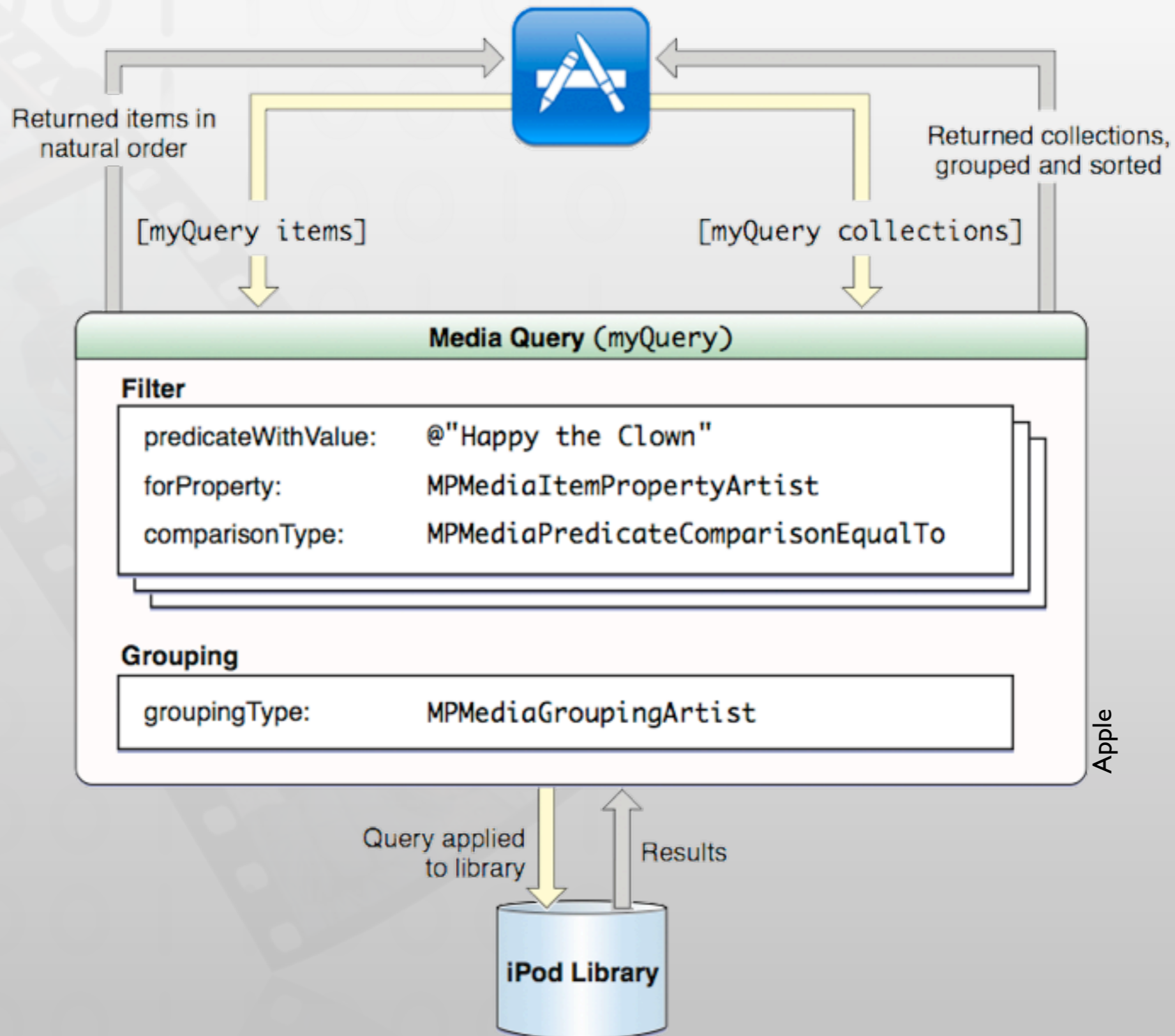
- (void)mediaPickerDidCancel:(MPMediaPickerController *)mediaPicker
{
    //Remove the picker
    [self dismissViewControllerAnimated:YES completion:nil];
    NSLog(@"Selection cancelled");
}

```



# Media Item Query

Your application



# MPMediaQuery

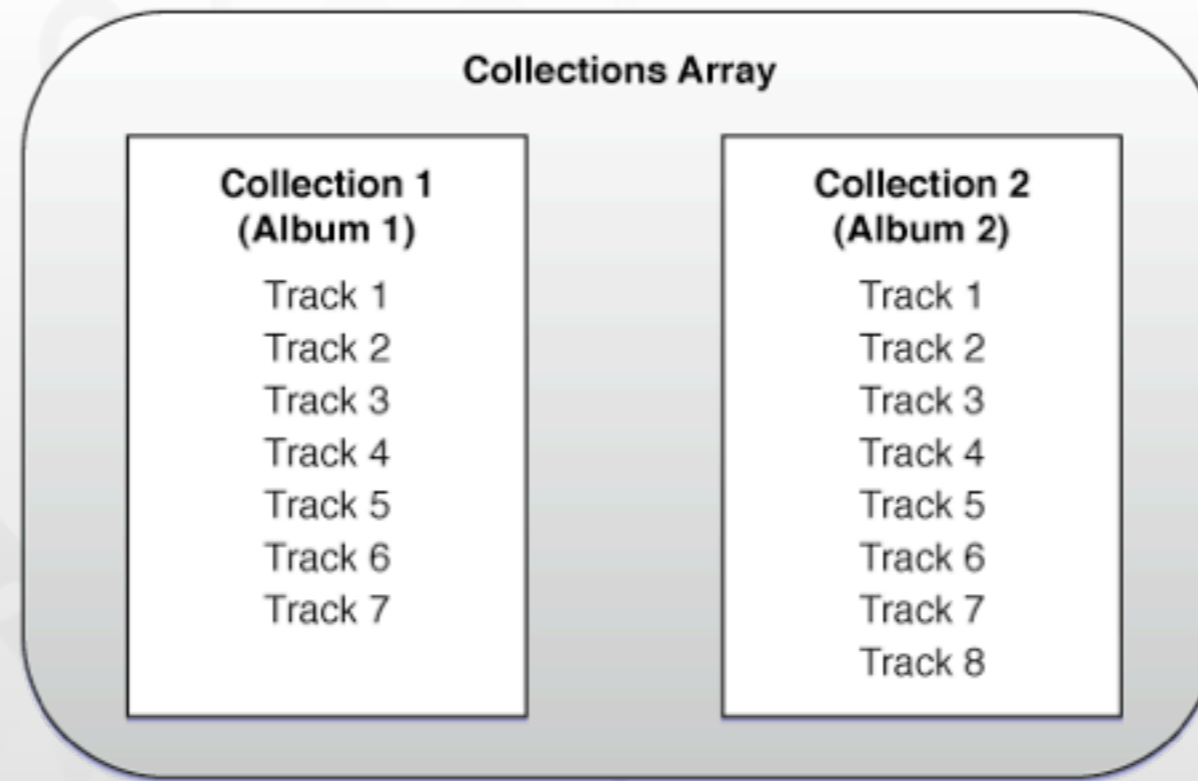
```
//Set up the query predicates
MPMediaPropertyPredicate *predicate =
    [MPMediaPropertyPredicate predicateWithValue:@"Skatebard"
                                     forProperty:MPMediaItemPropertyArtist
                                     comparisonType:MPMediaPredicateComparisonEqualTo];

NSSet *predicates = [NSSet setWithObject:predicate];

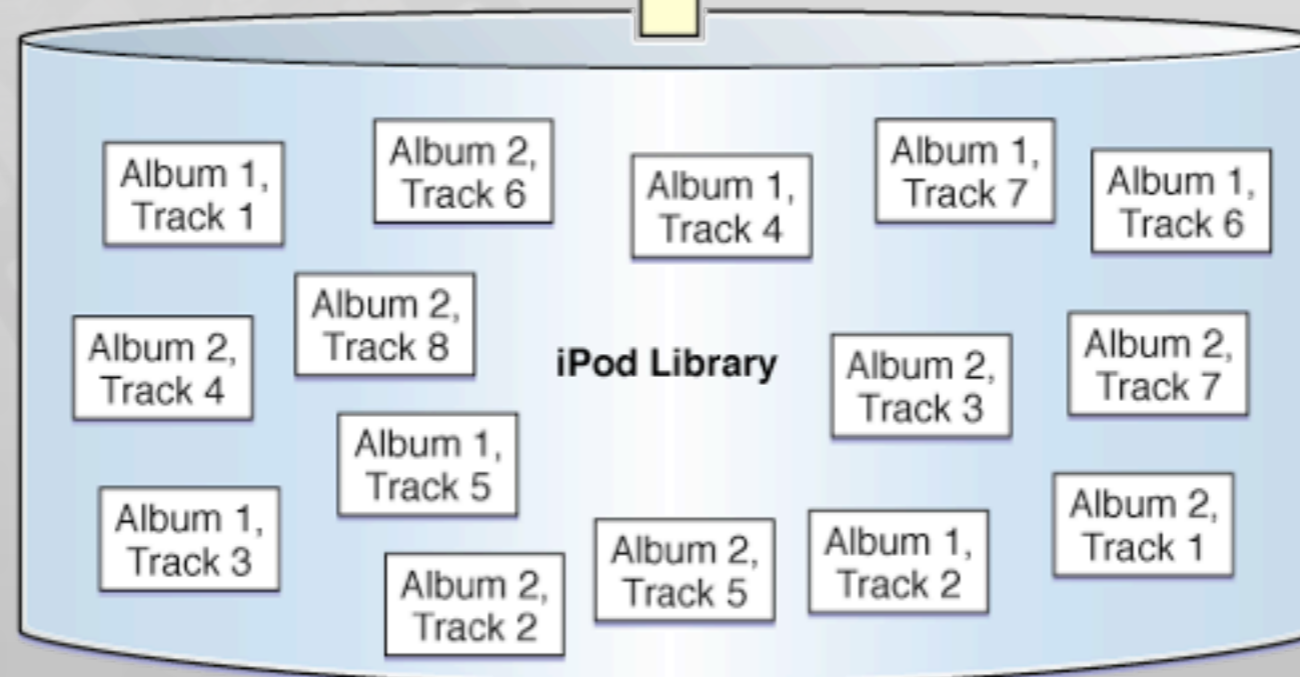
// Set up the query
MPMediaQuery *query =
    [[MPMediaQuery alloc] initWithFilterPredicates:predicates];

// Group by album
query.groupingType = MPMediaGroupingAlbum;

// Get an array with MPMediaItemCollections containing the albums
NSArray *albums = [query collections];
```



```
MPMediaQuery *myQuery = [[MPMediaQuery alloc] init];
[myQuery setGroupingType: MPMediaGroupingAlbum];
NSArray *myCollections = [myQuery collections];
```



Apple

# Keys and Types

- **General media item property keys**
  - MPMediaItemPropertyPersistentID
  - MPMediaItemPropertyMediaType
  - MPMediaItemPropertyTitle
  - MPMediaItemPropertyAlbumTitle
  - MPMediaItemPropertyArtist
  - And many more
- **Predicate Comparison types**
  - MPMediaPredicateComparisonEqualTo
  - MPMediaPredicateComparisonContains

# Using Metadata

```
// Set up the query
MPMediaQuery *query = [[MPMediaQuery alloc] initWithFilterPredicates:p];
// Group by album
query.groupingType = MPMediaGroupingAlbum;

// Get an array with MPMusicCollections containing the albums
NSArray *albums = [query collections];

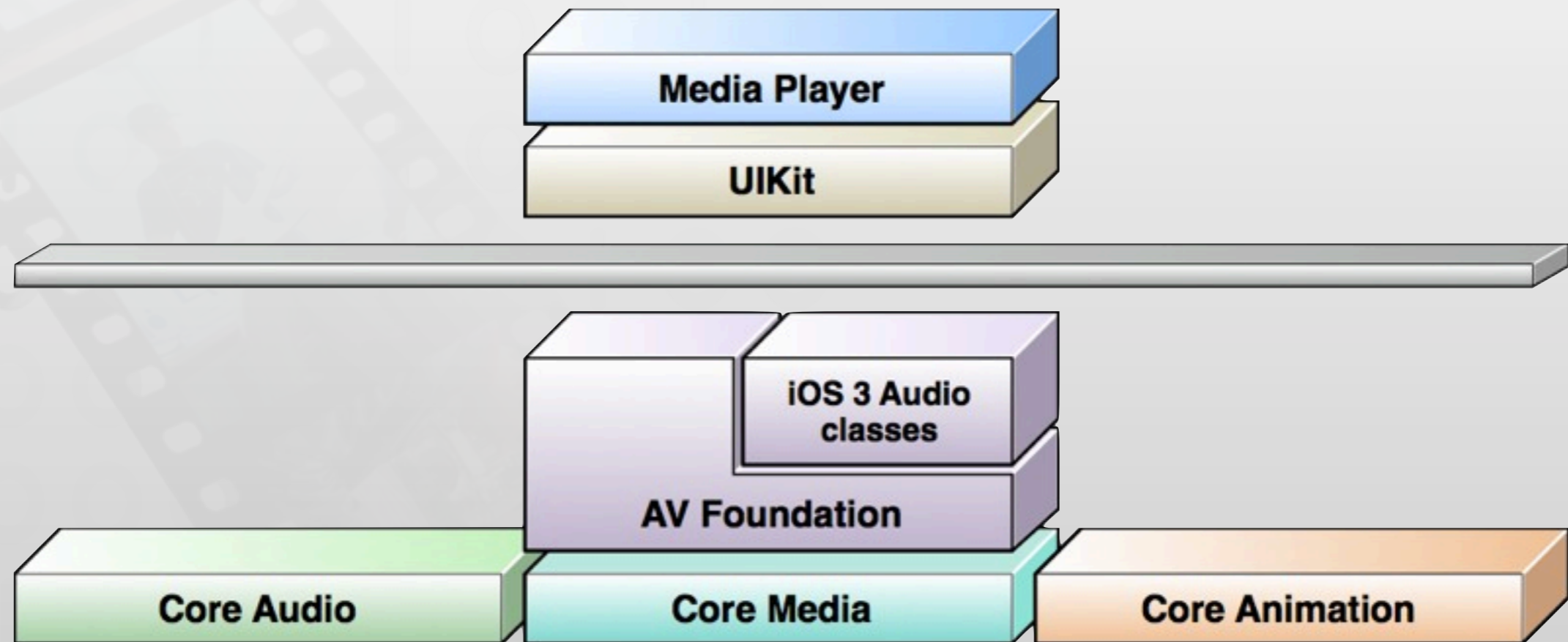
// Iterate over all returned collections
for (MPMediaItemCollection *collection in albums){
    //and over all songs in these collections
    for (MPMediaItem *song in [collection items]) {
        NSString *title = [song valueForKeyProperty:MPMediaItemPropertyTitle];
        NSLog(@"%@ ", title);
    }
}
```

# Album Artwork

```
UIImageView *albumImageView;
MPMediaItemArtwork *artwork =
    [mediaItem valueForKeyProperty: MPMediaItemPropertyArtwork];
UIImage *artworkImage = [artwork imageWithSize: albumImageView.bounds.size];
if (artworkImage) {
    albumImageView.image = artworkImage;
}
else {
    albumImageView.image = [UIImage imageNamed: @"noArtwork.png"];
}
```

**AV**

**Foundation**





# AVAudioPlayer

- Plays any supported file format
- Play sounds of arbitrary length
- Files or memory buffers
- Loop
- Simultaneous playback
- Volume level control
- Seek to a point in an audio file
- Audio power data

# Setting up an AVAudioPlayer

```
#import <AVFoundation/AVFoundation.h>

@property (strong) AVAudioPlayer *player;

NSString *filePath =
    [[NSBundle mainBundle] pathForResource:@"sample" ofType:@"m4a"];
NSURL *fileURL = [[NSURL alloc] initWithURLWithPath:filePath];

self.player =
    [[AVAudioPlayer alloc] initWithContentsOfURL:fileURL error:nil];

// Play sound only once
self.player.numberOfLoops = 0;
self.player.delegate = self;

[self.player prepareToPlay];
```

# Playback

```
- (IBAction)playSound:(id)sender {  
    // Play back the audio file  
    [self.player play];  
}  
  
- (IBAction)pauseSound:(id)sender {  
    // Just pause playback, do not release the acquired audio hardware  
    [self.player pause];  
}  
  
- (IBAction)stopSound:(id)sender {  
    // Release audio hardware.  
    // However, currentTime is not reset, so it behaves like pause.  
    [self.player stop];  
}
```

# AVAudioPlayer Delegate Protocol

```
#pragma mark AVAudioPlayer delegate methods

// Sound playback completion
- (void)audioPlayerDidFinishPlaying:(AVAudioPlayer *)p successfully:
  (BOOL)flag;

// Decoding error
- (void)playerDecodeErrorDidOccur:(AVAudioPlayer *)p error:(NSError *)error;

// Interruption handling
- (void)audioPlayerBeginInterruption:(AVAudioPlayer *)p;
- (void)audioPlayerEndInterruption:(AVAudioPlayer *)p;
```

# Synchronize Playback

```
- (void) startSynchronizedPlayback {  
    NSTimeInterval shortStartDelay = 0.01;           // seconds  
    NSTimeInterval now = player.deviceCurrentTime;  
  
    [player          playAtTime: now + shortStartDelay];  
    [secondPlayer   playAtTime: now + shortStartDelay];  
  
    // Here, update state and user interface for  
    // each player, as appropriate  
}
```

# AVAudioPlayer Properties

```
// Volume ranges from 0.0 to 1.0
@property float volume
// Pan ranges from -1.0 to 1.0
@property float pan
@property(readonly, getter=isPlaying) BOOL playing
@property NSInteger numberOfLoops

@property(readonly) NSDictionary *settings
Channel layout (AVChannelLayoutKey)
Encoder bit rate (AVEncoderBitRateKey)
Audio data format (AVFormatIDKey)
Channel count (AVNumberOfChannelsKey)
Sample rate (AVSampleRateKey)

// Audio file information
@property(readonly) NSUInteger numberOfChannels
@property(readonly) NSTimeInterval duration
@property(readonly) NSURL *url
@property NSTimeInterval currentTime
@property(readonly) NSTimeInterval deviceCurrentTime
```

# Metering

```
// Metering is off by default
@property(getter=isMeteringEnabled) BOOL meteringEnabled

// Refreshes the average and peak power values for
// all channels of an audio player.
// Needs to be called to get current values for peak and average
power
- (void)updateMeters

- (float)averagePowerForChannel:(NSUInteger)channelNumber
- (float)peakPowerForChannel:(NSUInteger)channelNumber
```



# Demo



# AVAudioRecorder

```
// Get a reference to a writable directory
NSString *tempDir = NSTemporaryDirectory ();
NSString *soundFilePath = [tempDir stringByAppendingString:
@"sound.caf"];
self.soundFileURL = [NSURL fileURLWithPath: soundFilePath];

// assign ourselves as audio session delegate to get notifications
AVAudioSession *audioSession = [AVAudioSession sharedInstance];
audioSession.delegate = self;
[audioSession setActive:YES error: nil];
```

# AVAudioRecorder

```
[[AVAudioSession sharedInstance] setCategory: AVAudioSessionCategoryRecord  
                                error: nil];
```

```
NSMutableDictionary *recordSettings =  
[[NSMutableDictionary alloc] initWithObjectsAndKeys:  
 [NSNumber numberWithInt: 44100.0], AVSampleRateKey,  
 [NSNumber numberWithInt: kAudioFormatAppleLossless], AVFormatIDKey,  
 [NSNumber numberWithInt: 1], AVNumberOfChannelsKey,  
 [NSNumber numberWithInt: AVAudioQualityMax],  
 AVEncoderAudioQualityKey, nil];
```

```
AVAudioRecorder *newRecorder =  
[[AVAudioRecorder alloc] initWithURL: soundFileURL  
                                settings: recordSettings  
                                error: nil];
```

```
[recordSettings release];  
self.soundRecorder = newRecorder;  
[newRecorder release];
```

```
soundRecorder.delegate = self;  
[soundRecorder prepareToRecord];  
[soundRecorder record];
```



# openU<sup>!</sup>AL



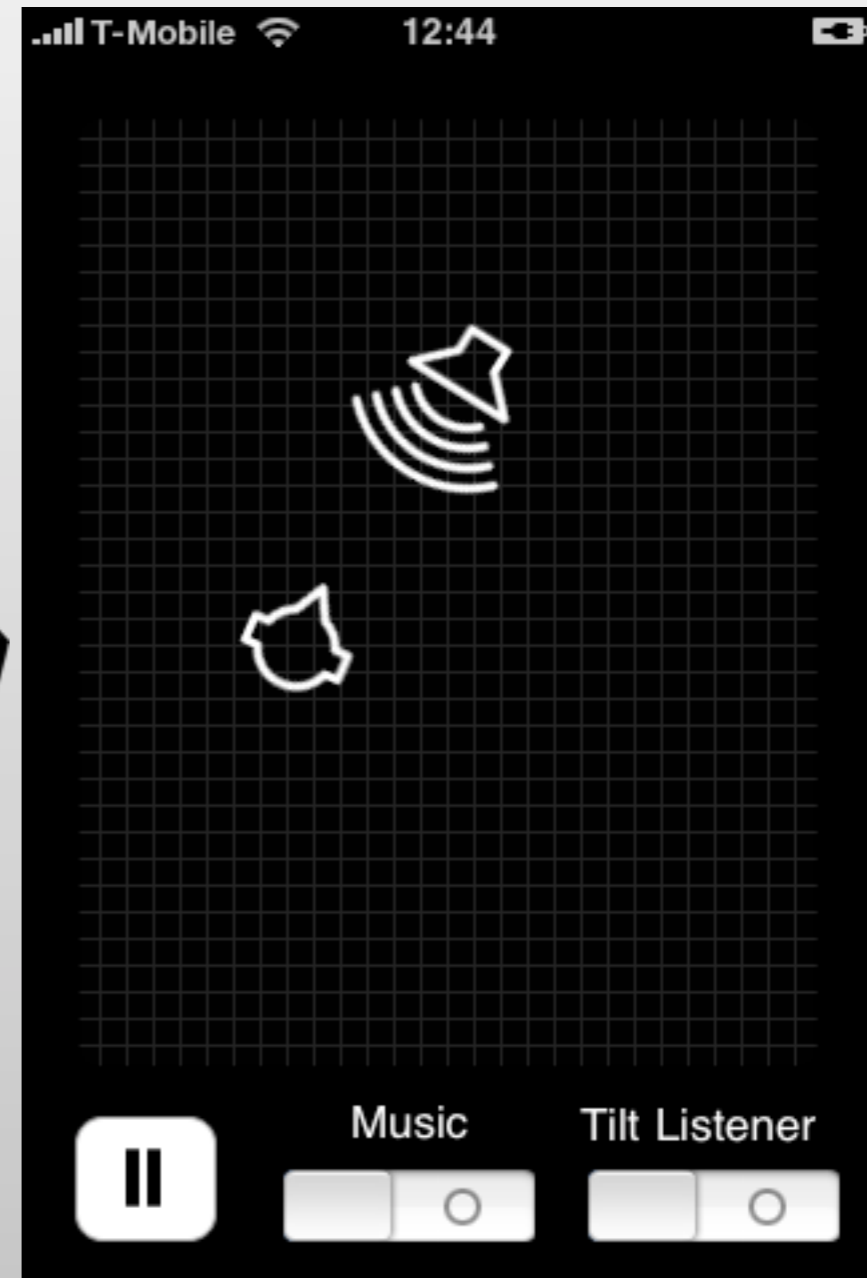
# Demo

# OpenAL

- Spatial audio rendering framework
- Similar to OpenGL
- Define the scene, let the system do the rest
- Simultaneous playback of several sources

# OpenAL Primitives

- Listener
- Sound Source
- Sound Buffer



# OpenAL on iOS

- Simple stereo panning
- High quality rendering: spherical head model, ILD, ITD, distance filtering
- Enhance realism yourself
- Supports only linear PCM data
  - Use Extended Audio File Services to convert
- Buffer playback completion callback

### OpenALExample

#### Listener (Context)

Gain (0.0 : 1.0) 0.50

Stereo Rendering      Distance Model: Inverse Clamped

High Quality (stereo only)

Orientation X    Y    Z

Position: -49 0 -43

Velocity: -0.0 -0.0

Elevation (Y) : 0

Doppler Factor (0.0 : 1.0) 1.00

Speed Of Sound (0 : 686) 343.3

Velocity (Listener Vector) 0

#### Sources

	Play	Position			Distance		
		X	Y	Z	Ref	Max	Rolloff
Car	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	175	0	-175	5	1,000	1.0
Voices	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	175	0	175	5	1,000	1.0
Bubbles	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	-148	0	-118	5	1,000	1.0
Electric	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	-175	0	175	5	1,000	1.0
Capture	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>				5	1,000	1.0

Gain (0.0 : 1.0)      Pitch (0.5x : 4.0x)

Car      0.75      1.00

Voices      1.00      1.00

Bubbles      1.00      1.00

Electric      1.00      1.00

Capture      1.00      1.00

Capture    Captured Samples:

	Direction/ Angle	Velocity		Velocity (Source Vector)
		X	Z	
Car	<input type="text" value="0"/>	0	0	<span style="float: right;">0</span>
Voices	<input type="text" value="0"/>	0	0	<span style="float: right;">0</span>
Bubbles	<input type="text" value="0"/>	0	0	<span style="float: right;">0</span>
Electric	<input type="text" value="0"/>	0	0	<span style="float: right;">0</span>
Capture	<input type="text" value="0"/>	0	0	<span style="float: right;">0</span>

	Use Cones	Inner Cone	Outer Cone	Outer Cone Gain
Car	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text" value="90.0"/>	<input type="text" value="180.0"/>	<span style="float: right;">0.00</span>
Voices	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text" value="100.1"/>	<input type="text" value="270.0"/>	<span style="float: right;">0.00</span>
Bubbles	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text" value="90.0"/>	<input type="text" value="180.0"/>	<span style="float: right;">0.00</span>
Electric	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text" value="180.0"/>	<input type="text" value="71.6"/>	<span style="float: right;">0.00</span>
Capture	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text" value="90.0"/>	<input type="text" value="180.0"/>	<span style="float: right;">0.00</span>

Click and drag objects

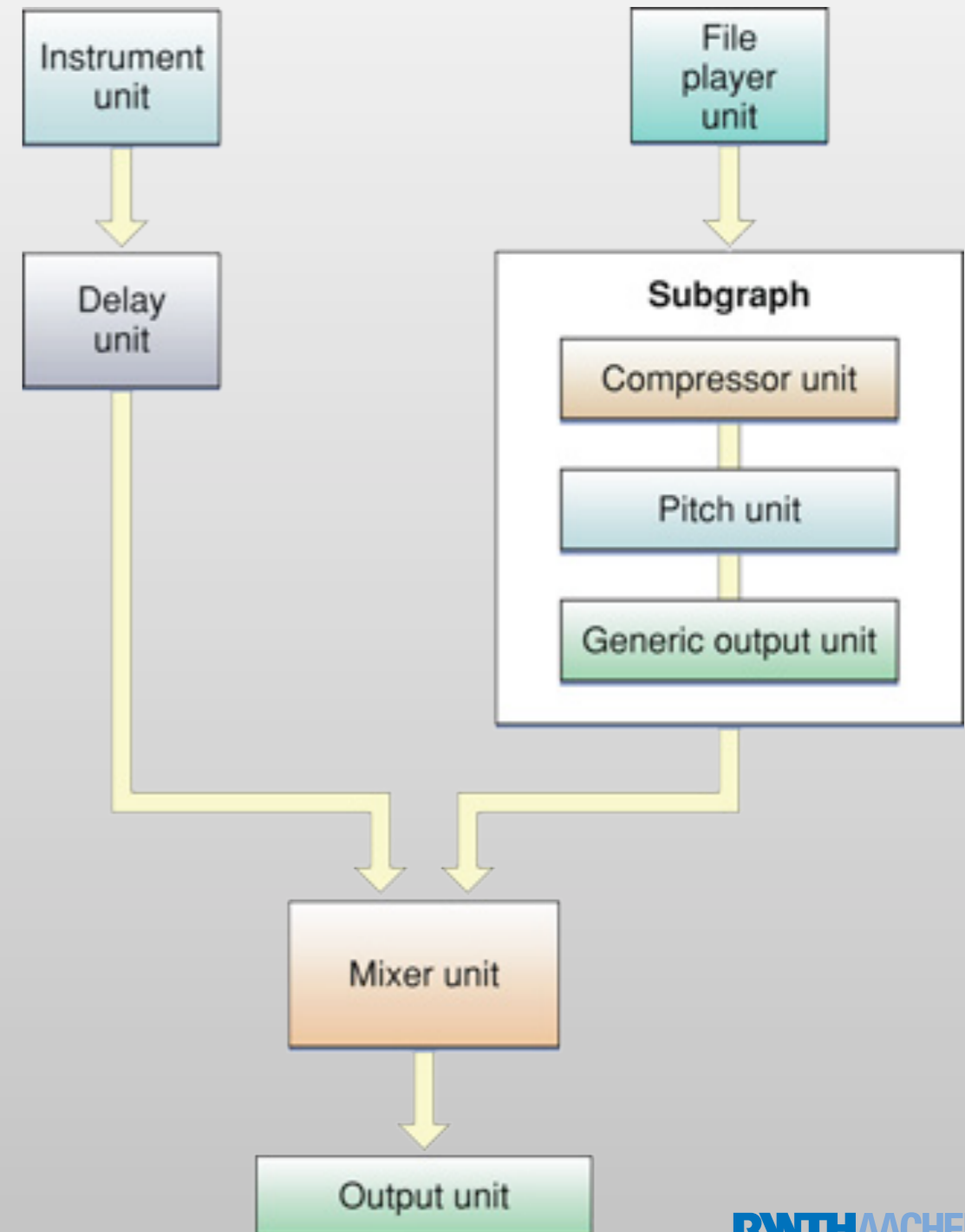


The background of the slide is a light gray gradient. On the left side, there is a faint, diagonal graphic of a film strip. The film strip contains several frames, some of which show a person sitting at a desk. Overlaid on the background are faint, light gray binary digits (0s and 1s) arranged in a grid-like pattern.

# Advanced Audio

# Audio Units

- Audio processing
- Plug-in architecture
- Low latency
- No user interface



# Audio Units

- Converter unit
- iPod Equalizer unit
- 3D Mixer unit
- Multichannel Mixer unit
- Generic Output unit
- Remote I/O unit
- Voice Processing I/O unit

# Using Audio Units

- Create an AUGraph
- Add the nodes to the graph
  - Don't forget the output node
- Connect the nodes to each other
- Open the graph
- Set parameters of the nodes
- Initialize the graph

# Using Audio Units

```
// create the AUGraph
OSStatus result = NewAUGraph(&mGraph);

// add the nodes to the graph
result = AUGraphAddNode(mGraph, &output_desc, &outputNode);
result = AUGraphAddNode(mGraph, &mixer_desc, &mixerNode );

// connect the nodes to each other
result = AUGraphConnectNodeInput(mGraph, mixerNode, 0, outputNode,
0);

// open the graph
result = AUGraphOpen(mGraph);

// configure some properties
result = AudioUnitSetProperty(mMixer,
kAudioUnitProperty_ElementCount,
kAudioUnitScope_Input, 0, &numbuses,
sizeof(UInt32));

// initialize the graph
result = AUGraphInitialize(mGraph);
```

# More Audio

- Inter-App Audio
- Audio queue services
- Core MIDI



# Video

# MPMoviePlayer

- Plays movies from file or network stream
- Fullscreen or custom view
- MPMoviePlayerViewController
  - Add sublayers on top of the video
  - Custom background content
- Standard user interface
- Programmatic control



# MPMoviePlayer

```
NSString *filePath = [[NSBundle mainBundle]
                      pathForResource:@"Movie" ofType:@"m4v"];

NSURL *fileURL = [NSURL fileURLWithPath:filePath];

self.moviePlayer =
    [[MPMoviePlayerController alloc] initWithContentURL: fileURL];

[self.moviePlayer.view setFrame: [self.view bounds]];

[self.view addSubview:self.moviePlayer.view];
[[NSNotificationCenter defaultCenter]
 addObserver: self
 selector: @selector(playbackCompletionCallback:)
 name: MPMoviePlayerPlaybackDidFinishNotification
 object: nil];

[self.moviePlayer play];
```

# MPMoviePlayer Callback

```
// When the movie is finished, release the controller.
- (void)playbackCompletionCallback:(NSNotification*)aNotification
{
    [[NSNotificationCenter defaultCenter]
        removeObserver: self
                    name: MPMoviePlayerPlaybackDidFinishNotification
                    object: nil];
    // Release the player and the movie
    self.moviePlayer = nil;
}
```







# Demo

# MPMoviePlayer

- Scaling mode
- Fullscreen
- Repeat mode
- Autoplay
- Generate thumbnail images

# Summary

- Playing sound
- Accessing iPod library
- OpenAL
- Video
- Reading Assignment:
  -  Multimedia Programming Guide
  -  iPod Library Access Programming Guide
  -  Audio Session Programming Guide
  -  AVFoundation Programming Guide

